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THEIR WORK DONE.

The District Convention at Clarksburg Finishes It.

GOOD, STRONG DELEGATES CHOSEN.

Mr. Hart, of Clarksburg, and Mr. Marshall Named.

AND THE MARTINSBURG PLATFORM

Is Endorsed Unanimously--A Lively

and interesting, though harmonious Convention Yesterday--Just Enough Difference of Opinion to Make the Boys Glad they were There--The Good Start at Martinsburg Followed up, and Everybody Satisfied and Enthusiased.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CLARKSBURG, W. VA., May 6.--Contrary to general expectation the first district convention to elect delegates to the Martinsburg convention was very large in numbers, every county being well represented. Nearly all the delegates from the counties of this district to the state convention came in from Martinsburg last night and this morning, filled the hotels to overflowing, and after the few hours' rest from the labors of yesterday and the night's travel, were ready for business when the convention was called to order at 12 o'clock.

Fresh from the scenes of yesterday at Martinsburg, and enthused from head to foot with genuine Republicanism, they were eager for a repetition of the scenes they had witnessed there, though of course they expected them to be on a smaller scale.

While the convention was gathering the Clarksburg Kid band, an excellent organization, by the way, played a few inspiring airs and at the close was warmly applauded.

Promptly at 12 o'clock Hon. L. M. Wade, of Braxton county, the congressional committee, called the convention to order and named Hon. Josiah Sinclair, of Marshall county, as temporary chairman, and Hon. J. S. Hyer, of Braxton, for temporary secretary. As both gentlemen came forward they were greeted with enthusiastic applause.

On taking the chair, Mr. Sinclair made a rattling speech, which aroused much enthusiasm. He predicted Republican success in November and his allusions to the principles of the Republican party were greeted with great applause. At the conclusion of his speech he declared the convention open for business.

Mr. C. B. Hart, of Ohio county, suggested that, unless there were contests for seats in the convention, in view of the fact that the state convention yesterday had adopted a platform which he felt sure all Republicans would subscribe to, and that it was necessary to expedite business in order that delegates might have a chance to take early trains for home, the regular committees be done away with.

This was opposed by Hon. B. F. Meighen, of Marshall county, who was in favor of the convention doing its business in the regular way.

OHIO COUNTY IN IT.

Dr. T. O. Edwards, of Ohio county, suggested that the one committee be appointed to cover the whole field and in a short speech gave logical reasons why his motion should carry.

Mr. J. K. Hall, of Ohio county, thought that a majority of the delegates present had not had the pleasure of participating in the magnificent convention at Martinsburg, and were here to hold a district convention in the regular way. Many of them had come many miles to do so. It would be courteous to them, he said, for those who had been to Martinsburg, to yield them the preference and allow the convention proceedings to take a regular course.

"Some of us had a good time at Martinsburg; now don't let us do anything that will prevent our friends who were not there from having one here."

Mr. Hall's remarks were greeted with cheers and he carried his point overwhelmingly, the matter, by common consent, being dropped.

Accordingly the roll of committees was called and the following committees were appointed:

On Credentials--S. G. Smith, of Ohio; S. G. Pyle, of Tyler; W. H. Chenoweth, of Doddridge; A. A. Cather, of Gilmer; D. U. Paw, of Hancock; Luke White, of Lewis; Gen. L. H. Duval, of Brooke; J. M. Haggerty, of Harrison; J. W. Ruchman, of Marshall; J. F. Reger, of Wetzel; C. D. Elliott, of Braxton.

On Resolutions--J. S. Roberts, of Tyler; J. S. Brannon, of Gilmer; Arthur Cooper, of Hancock; Joseph White, of Wetzel; Gen. R. S. Northcott, of Harrison; Jacob Kinslerburger, of Ohio; J. M. Gribble, of Doddridge; J. E. Roberts, of Marshall; J. H. Dunn, of Braxton; F. W. Hale, of Lewis, and John Archer, of Brooke.

On Order of Business--A. S. Bell, of Ohio; J. W. Stuck, of Doddridge; J. S. Roberts, of Tyler; Joseph White, of Wetzel; T. J. Parsons, of Marshall; John E. Smith, of Brooke; J. M. Marple, of Braxton; J. M. Brannon, of Gilmer; W. H. Belmont, of Hancock.

On Permanent Organization--T. H. Hays, of Ohio; W. H. Chevroton, of Doddridge; J. S. Roberts, of Tyler; M. S. Palmer, of Braxton; M. L. Wells, of Brooke; F. M. Chaffant, of Lewis; J. F. Reger, of Wetzel; C. S. Stalnaker, of Gilmer; L. Steadman, of Hancock; J. B. Conway, of Harrison; M. L. Dowler, of Marshall.

The convention then adjourned until 2 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

On reassembling the reports of committees were first in order. The committee on permanent organization reported that the temporary organization should be made permanent. Adopted.

The committee on basis of representation reported that each county shall have one vote for each 100 cast for governor in 1888.

The committee on resolutions re-

ported an endorsement of the Martinsburg platform and the report was adopted.

After the other committees had reported, nominations for delegates to Minneapolis were declared in order.

THE NOMINATIONS.

Hon. L. M. Wade, of Braxton county, obtained the floor, and in a brief speech eulogizing his candidate, on behalf of Braxton county, nominated M. C. M. Hart, of Harrison county. The nomination was seconded by Mr. Frank Chaffant, of Lewis county.

Mr. McClary, of Brooke county, with a strong speech, presented the name of O. S. Marshall, of Hancock county. The names of both the nominees were greeted with applause.

Mr. C. W. Lynch, of Harrison county, on behalf of the young men, who were the vigor of the party in West Virginia, made an eloquent speech, seconding the nomination of Mr. Hart.

Hon. J. E. Hooten, of Marshall county, in a few well chosen words, desired to present, on behalf of Marshall county, one who was not only a comparatively young man, but one who had carried a musket through the war, Mr. S. W. Matthews.

Mr. S. G. Smith, of Ohio county, had a pleasant duty to perform. On behalf of Hancock county, where he had received his Republican training, he took pleasure in seconding the nomination of Mr. Marshall. His second was heartily applauded.

Dr. Reger, of Wetzel county, seconded Mr. Matthews' nomination.

Senator Alex Campbell in

THE BEST SPEECH OF THE DAY,

eulogizing the Republicanism and the high character of C. M. Hart, seconded his nomination on behalf of Ohio county. After a splendid tribute to Mr. Hart's qualities he concluded by saying that he hoped it might be said of West Virginia that she would send to represent her at Minneapolis--

"Two souls with but a single thought,

Two hearts that beat as one!"

This happy hit was greeted by long continued applause and laughter.

Mr. C. B. Hart, of Ohio county, was frequently interrupted by applause and laughter as with a felicitous speech he seconded the nomination of both Hart (who, by the way, had not the honor of being a relative of his) and Marshall. It was a happy combination, he said, and he hoped the convention would elect them both.

There being no further nominations, the ballot was proceeded with. Following is the apportionment of the vote to the counties:

Braxton	11	Marshall	27
Brooke	8	Ohio	10
Doddridge	12	Tyler	10
Gilmer	3	Wetzel	14
Hancock	7		
Harrison	26		13
Marshall	15		24
Marshall	15		24
Ohio	41		4
Tyler	10		16
Wetzel	14		11
Totals	133		83

The ballot resulted as follows, the two highest gentlemen being elected:

	Hart	Marshall
Braxton	11	31
Brooke	8	7
Doddridge	14	7
Gilmer	3	6
Hancock	7	7
Harrison	26	13
Marshall	15	24
Marshall	15	24
Ohio	41	4
Tyler	10	16
Wetzel	14	11
Totals	133	83

Mr. J. E. Hooten, of Marshall county, on behalf of the 2,700 Republicans of that county, moved the election of C. M. Hart and O. S. Marshall be made unanimous. It was seconded by Wetzel and Tyler counties and passed with a whirl amid great enthusiasm.

Long calls were made for Mr. Hart, and the popular young Republican and business man of Harrison county came forward and thanked the convention for the honor.

Cries of "Marshall" brought out the Hancock county man, who briefly and modestly expressed his appreciation of the compliment paid him.

Nominations for alternates were in order and Hon. L. M. Wade, of Braxton, nominated, as a representative West Virginia Republican, A. A. Bee, editor of the Doddridge county Herald.

Mr. Stuck, of Doddridge, on behalf of that county, seconded the nomination.

Mr. Parsons, of Marshall, nominated a representative of the sturdy element of the people, Kaspar Kronhardt, of Benwood.

Mr. Meighen seconded the nomination of Mr. Kronhardt.

Dr. T. E. Edwards, of Ohio, seconded the nomination of Mr. Bee.

Dr. Reger, of Wetzel, placed in nomination, with a highly eulogistic speech, Capt. Andy Carney, of Ohio county.

Mr. Hays, of Ohio, seconded the nomination of Mr. Kronhardt.

This completed the nominations and a ballot was ordered. Before it was begun, however, Mr. Carney's name was withdrawn and on motion of Hon. N. B. Scott, of Ohio county, Messrs. Bee and Kronhardt were elected by acclamation. The two gentlemen, in response to calls, acknowledged their appreciation of the honor conferred on them.

This ended the business of the convention and the meeting adjourned, with not a jar to mar the harmony of the proceedings from beginning to end.

G. A. D.

HARRISON WILL DECLINE

If He Finds that his Nomination Depends on Southern Delegates.

New York, May 6.--A Washington correspondent telegraphs his paper, affirming that the President has announced at a cabinet meeting that if the nomination depends upon the Southern votes, he will not accept it. Mr. Harrison recognizes the fact that not one of the Southern states will elect members of the electoral college if he heads the ticket, and he does not wish to owe his nomination to these barren delegations.

The statement that Mr. Harrison has made such a declaration was made public on Tuesday evening by one of the members of the cabinet, while in conversation with a prominent New York gentleman, who is on a visit to the capital.

THE VIRGINIA REPUBLICANS.

General Mahone Wins His Fight against Instructions.

ROANOKE, VA., May 6.--It was 3 o'clock this morning before the Republican state convention adjourned. A big fight was made on instructing the delegates to Minneapolis to vote for Harrison.

Mahone and Langston opposed this, and for a while it looked as though a deadlock would ensue. A vote was finally taken, and Mahone won by a vote of 302 to 173. Mahone stated that if the delegates were instructed to vote for Harrison he would not obey. The convention then adjourned sine die.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY

Seems to be in High Favor with both Houses of Congress.

A HOUSE COMMITTEE FAVORING IT

And a Senator Talking Enthusiastically in Its Favor--Further Tests are Likely to be Made, the Appropriation for that Purpose being Recommended.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 6.--The letter of the postmaster general, urging the extension of the free delivery experiments to villages and farming districts, which has just been sent to the senate committee on postoffices and postal roads, was accompanied by a batch of 472 newspaper opinions, taken from 326 different papers, all in favor of the proposed rural free delivery extension, and eight against it, all that could be found. These have been sent in from all the states and territories except Alaska, Indian Territory, New Mexico and North Carolina. The INTELLIGENCER's was among the favorable opinions.

Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, who has reported from the senate committee an amendment to the postoffice appropriation bill appropriating \$200,000 to continue the Postmaster General's

FREE DELIVERY EXPERIMENTS,

said to-day that he had every reason to believe that so far as the senate was concerned, at least, the amendment would be adopted. "As to what the house of representatives may do," he continued, "of course I have no means of forming an opinion; but judging from the great number of letters and petitions received by members of Congress from all parts of the country strongly favoring this test, I should conclude that the house, as well as the senate, would cheerfully respond to the demand."

"What are your views as to the ultimate success in this country of the effort being made to extend the free delivery of mails into the rural districts?"

"I regard the scheme as entirely practicable and one which will be adopted eventually in this country. It may require some time of course to extend the service in the new states where the population is sparse, but in the older states and in the well-settled portions of the new states I see nothing in the way of establishing this service

AT A VERY EARLY DATE.

"What England and other countries have done in this regard can be done in the United States. In view of the fact that the people in large cities and towns have their mails delivered at their doors, at least once, and in many instances several times each day, it is but a matter of simple justice that the people residing in the country should have infinitely superior mail facilities to those enjoyed by them at the present time. The postmaster general's efforts are meeting with a hearty response from the masses of the people throughout the country, and the result, as I say, finally, I have no doubt, will be an entire success."

The house postoffice committee to-day agreed to report favorably bills appropriating \$100,000 for the extension of free delivery in rural districts and providing for the issue of fractional postal notes. The sum of \$10,000 is appropriated to carry out the provisions of the latter bill.

A REPROOF TO THE SENATE.

The Press Correspondents will give Mr. Young a Fair Trial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 6.--The standing committee of press correspondents will begin on Monday an inquiry to ascertain the reasons for the dismissal under charges of infidelity of the senate executive clerk, James R. Young. The examination into this matter is not made for the purpose of challenging the right of the senate to dismiss an employee, but to enable the associates of Mr. Young, who included the whole body of correspondents, to reach and express a conclusion with regard to the probability of his guilt of the offence imputed to him and as to whether, if the senate was justified in dismissing him under charges of gross infidelity, he should not also for the same reason be excluded from the privileges of the gallery. Mr. Young, who was refused by the senate an opportunity to be heard, will be called upon by the committee to make a statement.

Against Convict Labor.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 6.--An important bill designed to prevent the employment on public works of prison or convict labor, or the products of such labor, was reported to the house to-day from the labor committee by Representative Davis. The bills made effective by the inclusion in it of the following provisions:

In all contracts made for the construction or repair of public works there is to be inserted a condition that no convict or prison labor, or the product thereof, shall be employed or used upon such buildings. The wilful violation of the law is to constitute a forfeiture of contract.

Berlin: Sea Treaty.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 6.--Secretary Blaine, Gen. J. W. Foster and Mr. E. J. Phelps had a conference with the President at the White House this morning in regard to the Berlin sea arbitration. The exchange of ratifications of the treaty will take place in London to-day or to-morrow.

Gold for Europe.

New York, May 6.--Lazard Freres have ordered \$1,000,000 gold coin and Heidelberg, Ickelheimer & Co., \$500,000 for shipments to Europe to-morrow. Total to go by to-morrow's steamer \$2,000,000.

A Broker Succeeds.

New York, May 6.--Hilstand Watrous, a Broadway broker, committed suicide at his residence 214 East 22nd street by cutting his throat with a razor. Mr. Watrous had office at 52 Broadway.

Cyclone at Gettysburg.

GETTYSBURG, PA., May 6.--This afternoon a cyclone struck this place carrying off the roofs of the Central Hotel and the Picking residence next door.

KENOVA SCARES THEM.

Huntington Citizens meet to Protest against a Removal of Division Headquarters.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

HUNTINGTON, W. VA., May 6.--A rumor was prevalent here to-day that the Chesapeake & Ohio terminus of this passenger division would be removed from this place to Kenova, nine miles below here, the point where the Norfolk & Western strikes the Ohio river. This would be detrimental to Huntington's business interests, as most of the Chesapeake & Ohio's train men live here now. A citizens' meeting was held this evening, presided over by Mayor Ball, protesting against the charge, and a committee was appointed to wait on President Ingalls and do all possible to keep the divisional terminals here.

ANOTHER BANK PRESIDENT

Arrested in New York for Alleged Misuse of Bank Funds.

New York, May 6.--Charles Pinkham, jr., former president of the Bank of Harlem, was arrested this afternoon on an indictment charging him with misappropriating \$70,000 of the funds of that bank. The discovery of President Pinkham's alleged defalcation was made when a plan of consolidation of the Harlem with the Hamilton bank was put into execution.

Charles B. Fordick, of the Hide and Leather Bank, and W. P. St. John, of the Mercantile National Bank, were appointed a committee to look into the affairs of the Bank of Harlem and they discovered a shortage.

Superintendent Preston, of the state banking department, appeared before the grand jury and the indictment followed.

David F. Porter, successor to Pinkham as president of the bank of Harlem, said this afternoon: "Mr. Pinkham was one of the organizers of the bank of Harlem in 1888. He has a wife and five or six children. He lived in good style. We do not know what he did with the money."

The charge against Pinkham grows out of a transaction in 1889 and came to the surface in the recent work of consolidating the Harlem bank with the Hamilton bank.

Pinkham in his capacity as president of the bank gave two promissory notes to A. B. Wood, a theatrical man, now in prison for swindling in connection with the erection of a Harlem theatre.

Mr. Pinkham after his arrest said that he was too much perturbed to make a statement. He stated, however, that it appeared strange to him that after two years the banks should take such action against him when they have known the circumstances a long time. He admitted that there was a deficit in the bank's account, which fact the board of directors he said had been acquainted with right along. Mr. Pinkham said he did not care for his arrest much on his own account, but felt bad on account of his wife and six children.

A BRUTAL MURDER.

A Farmer's Body Literally Torn to Pieces by four Shots.

RUSSELLVILLE, KY., May 6.--A foul murder was committed yesterday near the village of Middleton, about fourteen miles from this city. Jim Ford, a prominent farmer living three miles from the village, was walking along the country road on his way to town. When within a short distance of Middleton he was met by two negroes carrying double barreled shotguns. As soon as they got within a few feet of him, one of them emptied both barrels into him. The other negro then walked up close to the wounded man, who was lying prostrate on the road, and emptied the other two barrels into him, literally tearing his body to pieces. They immediately fled; and at this writing, have not been heard from. Ford and the negroes had some trouble in the courts here a short time ago, and it is supposed that the killing grew out of that. A posse of men are scouring the country for the negroes, and if caught, they will be lynched.

THE OIL PRODUCTION.

The Production in the McDonald Field Increasing Steadily.

PITTSBURGH, PA., May 6.--The production of the McDonald field has been increasing for the last two days. As a result the estimated output to-day was 22,000 barrels.

The Meise No. 1 of Lynch & Co., south of Noblestown, is the best Gordon sand well ever found in the McDonald field. It has been making from 25 to 35 barrels an hour since it came in. To-day it was drilled a little deeper, and the production was increased to 60 barrels an hour.

In the McCurdy district the No. 4 E. Wright of the Forest Oil Company, was completed this morning, and it is estimated to be making about 100 barrels a day from the fifth sand. Greenlee & Forst shot their No. 1 on the National Coal Company property and increased its output to 50 barrels an hour.

The active part of the McDonald field just now is on the south side. There are quite a number of wells drilling at various depths and getting in shape to commence operations. The Venture Oil Company has cased the salt water off in the Gordon sand at Little No. 1 and should reach the fifth level by Monday.

OUTRAGE AND MAYBE MURDER.

Another Woman Assaulted on an English Railway Train.

LONDON, May 6.--To-day another English railway outrage is reported, and taken in connection with the Groville-Nugent case and with the other cases that have been reported of late, the opinion grows in strength that the English railway companies will have to adopt better means than those at present employed to protect women from assaults in railway carriages.

The last victim of the compartment system is a dressmaker named Amy Faulkner, and from present indications her assailant, if arrested, will have to answer a charge of murder. Some men walking along the railway near Leeds found a woman lying near the rails. Her clothing was disarranged and she was terribly injured. She was just able to state that she had been assaulted in the compartment of a railway carriage and that her assailant had outraged her and had thrown her headlong from the carriage. The train was running at full speed and her injuries were sustained by her being thrown from the train. The police are looking for her assailant, but there is little hope of his being caught.

BISHOP J. M. THOBURN

Tells the Great Methodist Conference about the Work

IN THE MISSION FIELDS OF INDIA.

Phenomenal Growth and Need of More Practical Organization--Woman's Work Commended--The Temperance Committee Chairman--An Interesting Day.

OKLAHOMA, NEM., May 6.--Bishop Mallett, presided at the morning session of the Methodist Episcopal general conference to-day. Rev. William Curt, of the Italian Mission, officiated in the devotional exercises.

There has been a lively contest in the organization of the temperance committee. Among those who desired to be chairman, Rev. J. G. Evans, of Illinois; Prof. W. F. Whitlock, of Ohio; Dr. A. J. Kynett, of Philadelphia, and Rev. H. E. Pendleton, of Kansas, were the most active. Rev. J. G. Evans secured the election by a majority of two votes. The temperance committee is looked upon as a very important one.

Several delegates absent thus far in the conference, arrived to-day and answered roll call. Dr. Neesley, of Philadelphia, presented the conference with a very handsome record of the constitution commission. The order of the day was taken up at 10:30, being the report of Bishop Thoburn of India and Malaya.

THE CHURCH IN THE ANTIPODES.

The Methodist church, he said, was teaching and preaching the gospel in India and Malaya in thirteen different languages.

Dr. Thoburn's report gave a detailed account of the work done in the three annual conferences, the district conferences and women's conference in India. It stated that the work in India was in excellent condition, but the need was great. The working force from America had fallen off some, but the work had continued to grow. The membership had increased nearly 30,000 during the quadrennial. The Methodist Sunday schools in India now have a membership of over 55,000, an increase of 15,000 during the four years past.

In the day schools the church has 29,000 native pupils of India. People by thousands were giving up their ideas and the native ministry was rapidly increasing, both in numbers and efficiency. The report warmly commended

THE WORK OF WOMEN

in the missions of India. The church has established three publishing houses and is sending out pamphlets and periodicals in nine different languages from its own presses.

The report recommended that there be five conferences organized instead of three. The conferences are too large at present, compelling some of the ministers to travel two or three thousand miles to attend them. The report urged the necessity of enlarging the work.

"The day of small things is past," said the bishop; "we must take up the work before us and carry practically the responsibilities laid upon us. We do not know what may happen to-morrow, but we do know that the sun never sets in the morning. It is just morning in India. Let us up and be doing while the daylight lasts."

At the conclusion of Bishop Thoburn's address, which was heartily applauded, the conference sang "The Morning Light is Breaking."

CHINESE EXCLUSION.

On motion of Dr. Hamilton, the report of Bishop Taylor, of Africa, was made the order for to-morrow at 10 o'clock.

The conference then requested the committee appointed the previous day to prepare a resolution upon the Chinese exclusion bill, to report. Judge Lawrence submitted the report, which stated that the committee had learned that the bill had already been signed by the President and it was therefore too late to take action until the wording and conditions of the bill should be ascertained.

Dr. Swindells offered a minority report, to have the question referred to the committee on the state of the church. He feared the passage of the Chinese exclusion bill would jeopardize the lives and property of missionaries in China.

During the discussion, Dr. Leonard denounced the President and Congress and said that the Chinese had the same right here as other foreigners, notably the Irish. He believed this conference should take action in no uncertain tone in relation to it.

Dr. Buckley, of New York, asked that the matter be referred to a committee instructing them to get a copy of the bill and make a clear report on the subject.

EARNEST REMARKS.

Dr. Swindells again made an earnest appeal. He argued that until some action was taken the country would regard the conference as approving the bill. The bill, he said, was the most iniquitous measure ever passed by the Congress of this country. Dr. Edwards, of Chicago, later took the floor. He said it was a political measure. "This bill," he added, "is a sop to the steers' eyes now unloading at Battery Park, New York. It was rushed through a Democratic house, passed by our noble senators, and signed by our well nigh unimpeachable President, solely for political effect."

He moved to refer to the committee on missions.

Dr. Payne, of Cincinnati, said the church should show that it was

NOT CONTROLLED BY PARTISAN BIAS

and that no political party manages it. He believed the conference should also show that it does not approve such a political measure, and moved to send the matter to the church committee. He was wildly applauded.

Dr. Buckley again secured the floor and denounced all reference to politics, saying that the man who would try to build up one party or tear down another in this conference is nothing but a demagogue. Finally the matter was referred to a special committee consisting of five ministers and four lay-

men. There was a universal sigh of relief when the question was temporarily disposed of.

THE PRIMITIVE METHODISTS.

PITTSBURGH, PA., May 6.--A Commercial Gazette New Castle, Pa., special says: The general conference of the primitive Methodists of Pennsylvania to-day unanimously adopted resolutions protesting against the opening of the World's Fair on Sunday and against the sale of liquor on the grounds.

A. M. E. Zion Church.

PITTSBURGH, PA., May 6.--Nothing was done at the General Conference of the A. M. E. Zion Church to-day except to decide that Bishop Harris, of North Carolina, should deliver the quadrennial address. The rest of the session was spent in wrangling over the election of new bishops.

CIRCUS HORSES ATTACHED.

A Man Employed by the Burke Circus Sues for Two Weeks' Salary.

At midnight last night F. M. Zola swore out in Squire Rogers' court an attachment, claiming that Burke's circus owed him two weeks' salary